GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY M.Pharm Pharmaceutics (20) SEMESTER: II

Subject Name: COMPUTER AIDED DRUG DEVELOPMENT Subject Code: MPH203T

Scope: This course is designed to impart knowledge andskills necessary for computer Applications in pharmaceutical research and development who want to understand the application of computers across the entire drug research and development process. Basic theoretical discussions of the principles of more integrated and coherent use of computerized information (informatics) in the drug development process are provided to help the students to clarify the concepts.

Objectives: Upon completion of the course student shall be able to understand

- 1. History of Computers in Pharmaceutical Research and Development
- 2. Computational Modeling of Drug Disposition
- 3. Computers in Preclinical Development
- 4. Optimization Techniques in Pharmaceutical Formulation
- 5. Computers in Market Analysis
- 6. Computers in Clinical Development
- 7. Artificial Intelligence(AI) and Robotics
- 8. Computational fluiddynamics (CFD)

Sr.	Торіс	Hr
1.	a. Computers in Pharmaceutical Research and Development: A General Overview:	12
	History of Computers in Pharmaceutical Research and Development. Statistical	
	modeling in Pharmaceutical research and development: Descriptive versus Mechanistic	
	Modeling, Statistical Parameters, Estimation, Confidence Regions, Nonlinearity at the	
	Optimum, Sensitivity Analysis, Optimal Design, Population Modeling b. Quality-by-	
	Design In Pharmaceutical Development: Introduction, ICH Q8guideline, Regulatory	
	and industry views on QbD, Scientifically based QbD-examples of application	
2.	Computational Modeling Of Drug Disposition: Introduction ,Modeling Techniques:	12
	Drug Absorption, Solubility, Intestinal Permeation, Drug Distribution, Drug Excretion,	
	Active Transport; P-gp, BCRP, Nucleoside Transporters, hPEPT1, ASBT, OCT,	
	OATP,BBB-CholineTransporter	
3.	Computer-aided formulation development:: Concept of optimization, Optimization	12
	parameters, Factorial design, Optimization technology & Screening design. Computers	
	in Pharmaceutical Formulation: Development of pharmaceutical emulsions, micro	
	emulsion drug carriers Legal Protection of Innovative Uses of Computers in R&D, The	
	Ethics of Computing in Pharmaceutical Research, Computers in Market analysis	
4.	a. Computer-aided biopharmaceutical characterization: Gastrointestinal absorption	12
	simulation. Introduction, Theoretical background, Model construction, Parameter	
	sensitivity analysis, Virtual trial, Fed vs. fasted state, In vitro dissolution and in vitroin	
	vivo correlation, Biowaiver considerations b. Computer Simulations in	
	Pharmacokinetics and Pharmacodynamics: Introduction, Computer Simulation: Whole	
	Organism, Isolated Tissues, Organs, Cell, Proteins and Genes. c. Computers in Clinical	
	Development: Clinical Data Collection and Management, Regulation of Computer	
	Systems	

5.	Artificial Intelligence (AI), Robotics and Computational fluid dynamics: General	12
	overview, Pharmaceutical Automation, Pharmaceutical applications, Advantages and	
	Disadvantages. Current Challenges and Future Directions	

REFERENCES:

- 1. Computer Applications in Pharmaceutical Research and Development, Sean Ekins,2006,JohnWiley&Sons.
- 2. Computer-Aided Applications in Pharmaceutical Technology, 1st Edition, JelenaDjuris, Woodhead Publishing 3. Encyclopedia of Pharmaceutical Technology, Vol 1
- 3. James Swarbrick, James.G.Boylan, MarcelDekkerInc, New York, 1996.